

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Ratent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1950 Alexandria, Visemia 22313-1450 www.uspip.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/045,698	01/10/2002	Yoshifumi Tanimoto	81800.0177	9845
26021 7590 04/10/2007 HOGAN & HARTSON L.L.P. 1999 AVENUE OF THE STARS			EXAMINER	
			BURGESS, BARBARA N	
SUITE 1400 LOS ANGELE	S. CA 90067		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
•	,		2157	
SHORTENED STATUTOR	Y PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVER	Y MODE
3 MO	NTHS	04/10/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/045,698	TANIMOTO, YOSHIFUMI				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
	·	Barbara N. Burgess	2157				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication ap or Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address				
WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D asions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. It period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period are to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statutor reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be the will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status	·						
	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>09 N</u>	March 2007					
·		s action is non-final.					
′=	,		neacution as to the marits is				
<i>ال</i> ات	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
	closed in accordance with the practice under i	Ex parte Quayle, 1900 C.D. 11, 4	03 O.G. 213.				
Dispositi	on of Claims		•				
4)🖂	Claim(s) 1-4 and 8-24 is/are pending in the ap	pplication.					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5)	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-4 and 8-24</u> is/are rejected.						
-	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.					
A 1: 4:	on Bonoro						
	on Papers						
	The specification is objected to by the Examine						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the		• •				
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *					
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	xaminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:							
,	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
			·				
Attachmen	Ne)						
_	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date							
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application							
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6)							

Application/Control Number: 10/045,698 Page 2

Art Unit: 2157

DETAILED ACTION

This Office Action is in response to After-Final amendment filed March 9, 2007. Examiner has withdrawn the finality of Claims 1-4 and 8-20 using Suzuki et al. (US Patent Publication 2002/0032616 A1). These claims aare presented for further examination.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-4, 8-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Zakurdaev et al. (hereinafter "Zak", US Patent Publication 2002/0073182 A1) in view of Gong (US Patent Publication 2001/0044819) in further view of Beyda et al. (hereinafter "Beyda", US Patent 7,120,927 B1).

As per claims 1, 8, Zak discloses a relay server comprising:

- Communicating means and device for communicating with a plurality of network devices (paragraphs [0032-0033]);
- Connection information holding means and device for holding connection information (paragraphs [0044-0046]);

Page 3

Application/Control Number: 10/045,698

Art Unit: 2157

Wherein the communicating means and device carries out communication
with the network devices in accordance with the connection information, and
relays data between the network devices in accordance with connection
demand information generated from one of the plurality of network devices (paragraphs
0032-0033);

- Communicating with a plurality of network devices, including a first network device in a first LAN and second network device in a second LAN; (paragraphs [0032-0033])
- A first connection between the relay server and the first network device and a second connection between the relay server and the second network device (paragraph [0046]);
- Communication means carried between the first and second network devices
 busing the first and second connections, and relays between the first and second
 network devices in accordance with connection demand information generated
 from the first and second network devices (paragraphs [0032-0033]).

However, Zak does not explicitly disclose:

 TCP/IP connections that are established and held in response to login demands from the plurality of network devices.

However, in an analogous art, Gong teaches a relay server having connection between the remote server, which is the web server and client having web browser and applet software for Internet access (paragraphs [0010-0011, 0016]).

Therefore, one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made would have found it obvious to incorporate or implement Gongs relay server in Zak's system in order to that the java applets receive the necessary downloads from remote servers.

Zak, in view of Gong, does not explicitly disclose:

 Wherein the first network device initiates, logs into and establishes the first held TCP/IP connection with the relay server, and the second network device initiates, logs into and establishes the second held TCP/IP connection with the relay server.

However, in an analogous art, Beyda teaches a first and second user registering with the relay server before attempting to send emails(column 5, lines 33-60).

Therefore, one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made would have found it obvious to incorporate or implement Beyda's first network device initiates, logs into and establishes the first held TCP/IP connection with the relay server, and the second network device initiates, logs into and establishes the second held TCP/IP connection with the relay server in Zak's method in order to send and receive emails.

As per claim 2, Zak discloses a communication system comprising:

- a plurality of network devices (paragraphs [0032-0033]);
- A relay server connected to the plurality of network devices via a network, wherein a first network device of the plurality of network devices

Art Unit: 2157

establishes a communication path with the relay server, and generates a connection demand for communication with a second network device of the plurality of network devices to the relay sever when communicating with the second network device (paragraph [0046]);

- the relay server relays the communication between the first and Second network devices by using a communication path established in advance in accordance with the connection demand from the first network device (paragraphs [0032-0033]).
 - Communicating with a plurality of network devices, including a first network device in a first LAN and second network device in a second LAN (paragraphs [0032-0033]);
 - A first connection between the relay server and the first network device and a second connection between the relay server and the second network device (paragraph [0046]);
 - Communication means carried between the first and second network devices
 busing the first and second connections, and relays between the first and second
 network devices in accordance with connection demand information generated
 from the first and second network devices (paragraphs [0032-0033]).

However, Zak does not explicitly disclose:

TCP/IP connections.

Art Unit: 2157

However, in an analogous art, Gong teaches a relay server having connection between the remote server, which is the web server and client having web browser and applet software for Internet access (paragraphs [0010-0011, 0016]).

Therefore, one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made would have found it obvious to incorporate or implement Gongs relay server in Zak's system in order to that the java applets receive the necessary downloads from remote servers.

Zak, in view of Gong, does not explicitly disclose:

 First and second devices initiates, logs into, and establishes TCP/IP connections with the relay server.

However, in an analogous art, Beyda teaches a first and second user registering with the relay server before attempting to send emails(column 5, lines 33-60).

Therefore, one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made would have found it obvious to incorporate or implement Beyda's first network device initiates, logs into and establishes the first held TCP/IP connection with the relay server, and the second network device initiates, logs into and establishes the second held TCP/IP connection with the relay server in Zak's method in order to send and receive emails.

As per claims 3, Zak discloses the communication system according to claim 2 wherein connection to the first network device from outside the LAN is limited (paragraphs [0032-0033]).

Art Unit: 2157

As per claim 4, Zak disclose the communication system according to claim 2 wherein the first network device is connected to the relay server via a gateway device having an address converting function (paragraph [0013]).

As per claim 9, Zak discloses the relay server according to claim 8, wherein a connection to the first network device from outside the LAN is limited (paragraphs [0032-0033]).

As per claim 10, Zak discloses the relay server according to claim 8, wherein a first network device of the plurality of network devices is connected to the relay sever via a gateway device having an address converting function (paragraph [0013]).

As per claim 11, Zak discloses the relay server according to claim 8, wherein the relay server is connected to the Internet (paragraphs [0032-0034]).

As per claim 12, Zak discloses the relay server according to claim 8, wherein the relay server includes a global IP address (paragraphs [0035-0037 and 0046]).

As per claim 13, Zak discloses the relay server according to claim 8, wherein the connection information includes a user ID and a password (paragraph [0027]).

Art Unit: 2157

As per claim 14, Zak discloses the relay server according to claim 1, wherein the relay server is connected to the Internet. (paragraphs [0032-0034]).

As per claim 15, Zak discloses the relay server according to claim 1, wherein the relay server includes a global IP address (paragraph [0045]).

As per claim 16, Zak discloses the relay server according to claim 1, wherein the connection information includes a user ID and a password (paragraphs [0035-0037 and 0046]).

As per claim 17, Zak discloses a method for communicating between a plurality of network devices and a relay server comprising:

- Establishing a communication path between each of a plurality
 of network devices and a relay server (paragraphs [0032-0033]);
- Demanding a connection from one of the plurality of network devices to at least one other network device of the plurality of network devices using the relay server (paragraph [0046]);
- Relaying a communication between the one network device and
 the at least one other network device using the held communication path between the
 one network device and the relay server and the held communication path between the
 at least one other network device and the relay server (paragraphs [0032-0033]).

Art Unit: 2157

However, Zak does not explicitly disclose:

 TCP/IP connections that are established and held in response to login demands from the plurality of network devices.

However, in an analogous art, Gong teaches a relay server having connection between the remote server, which is the web server and client having web browser and applet software for Internet access (paragraphs [0010-0011, 0016]).

Therefore, one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made would have found it obvious to incorporate or implement Gongs relay server in Zak's system in order to that the java applets receive the necessary downloads from remote servers.

Zak, in view of Gong, does not explicitly disclose:

 First and second devices initiates, logs into, and establishes TCP/IP connections with the relay server.

However, in an analogous art, Beyda teaches a first and second user registering with the relay server before attempting to send emails(column 5, lines 33-60).

Therefore, one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made would have found it obvious to incorporate or implement Beyda's first network device initiates, logs into and establishes the first held TCP/IP connection with the relay server, and the second network device initiates, logs into and establishes the second held TCP/IP connection with the relay server in Zak's method in order to send and receive emails.

Art Unit: 2157

A per claim 18, Zak discloses the communication method according to claim 17 further comprising limiting the connection to the network devices from an outer network (paragraphs [0032-0033]).

As per claim 19, Zak discloses the communication method according to claim 17 further comprising connecting the network devices to the relay server via a gateway device having an address converting function (paragraph [0013]).

As per claim 20, Zak discloses the communication method according to claim 17 further comprising connecting the relay server to the Internet (paragraphs [0032-0034]).

As per claims 21-24, Zak discloses the relay server, communication system, and communication method according to claims 1, 2, 8, and 17 wherein the connection information holding means receives via the first or second held TCP/IP connection a connection holding command from the first or second network device, and a response is communicated to the first or second network device that sent the connection holding command (paragraphs [0044-0046]).

Response to Arguments

3. Applicant's arguments have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Art Unit: 2157

Conclusion

4. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Barbara N. Burgess whose telephone number is (571) 272-3996. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (8:00am-4:00pm).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ario Ettinene can be reached on (571) 272-4001. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Art Unit: 2157

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Barbara N Burgess Examiner Art Unit 2157

April 5, 2007

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER